

# RSHE: Family and Relationships

## Year 4: Summer 1



### **Key Vocabulary**

gender	Gender means 'type'. It is a word commonly used to describe how a person identifies, for example, as male or female.
stereotype	A stereotype is an idea or belief many people have about a thing or group that is based upon how they look on the outside, which may be untrue or only partly true.
sexism	Sexism, prejudice or discrimination based on sex or gender.
bullying	The behaviour of a person who hurts or frightens someone, often forcing that person to do something they do not want to do.
disability	A physical or mental condition that limits a person's movements, senses, or activities.
race	Race can mean a person's colour, nationality, ethnicity or citizenship. It's a protected characteristic in law.
represent	If someone such as a lawyer or a politician represents a person or group of people, they act on behalf of that person or group.
discrimination	Discrimination is the practice of treating one person or group of people less fairly or less well than other people or groups.

### **Key Questions**

- How should we treat people who are different?
- What is a man's job?
- What is a girl's job?
- Are men and women the same?
- What might stop young women from choosing these jobs?
- Is there such a thing as boy jobs and girl jobs?

### **Web link**

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/ks2-pshe/zbrg7nb>

### **Concepts**

#### Respect

This is a concept that refers to the ability to value and honour another person. It is accepting the other person and not trying to change them.

#### Diversity

The concept of diversity encompasses acceptance and respect. It means understanding that each individual is unique, and recognizing our individual differences.

